Sanitized Copy Approved for Release 2010/07/29 : CIA-RDP80T00246A047000370001-9 INFORMATION CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY This material contains information affecting the National Defense of the United States within the meaning of the Espionage Laws, Title 18, U.S.C. Secs. 793 and 794, the transmission or revelation of which in any manner to an unauthorized person is prohibited by law. S-E-C-R-E-T 50X1-HUM USSR REPORT COUNTRY 10 March 1959 DATE DISTR. **SUBJECT** AM-9b Turbojet Engine Production Data NO. PAGES 1 RD **REFERENCES** DATE OF INFO. 50X1-HUM PLACE & 50X1-HUM DATE ACQ SOURCE EVALUATIONS ARE DEFINITIVE. APPRAISAL OF CONTENT IS TENTATIVE. 50X1-HUM seven pages of descriptive material on the Soviet turbojet engine AM-9b The data are apparently part of the official Soviet specifications for the original engine and an improved model 50X1-HUM 50X1-HUM S-E-C-R-E-T STATE ARMY X NAVY (Note: Washington distribution indicated by "X"; Field distribution by "#".) INFORMA

Chapter II

50X1-HUM

BASIC TECRNICAL DATA FOR THE ENGINE AM-91

General Data

1. Designation	ND-98*
2. Type of engine	Turbajet with afterburner
3. Campresser	Axial, 9 stage, with an automatic control mechanism for blooking air from the 5th stage
4. Combustion chambers	Straight-through, individual, arranged within the engine coming
a) Quantity b) Arrangement	10
b) Arrangament	Circumferential
e) How numbered	From the left-hand upper chamber, counter- electrice lecking forward
5. Turbine	Axial, two stage
6. Jet messie	Adjustable in three positions
Dismotor of exit section of jet nessle: a) with afterburser operat-	
ing, when starting and at	
an idling speed	+98 to flaps not loss than 4 mm
b) At maximum power	442+7 mm
e) at all other powers	465- 7 mm
7. Direction of retation	Counterelectories looking forward
8. Over-all dimensions of	
the engine	
a) Longth including	
a.fbgrburner	5555 ma
b) Dissetur at egn-	
bushion chambers	665 🗪
c) Diameter of afterburger	636 mm
d) Maximum height of engine	-
including appended units	936 ma
9. Dry weight	695 kg+2\$
10. Communicatility up to	
first grathenl	100 hours

Basic Operating Conditions (REZEID)

11. With afterbareer operating /Foreashery Reskin/ 11,150±50 b) Temperature of the no exhausting from the turbine**: en the grand: 1) for an emblest air temperature less than 15°C

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not more than 650°C

Ettachment

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```
Not more than 680 C
        2) for an ambient air
        temperature of 150C
         or above in flight:
           1) the sax. vempers- 620 - 680 °C
          ture of turbine exhaust
            games is set between
           limits of
      c) Length of time for
        continuous operation:

1) Up to 5000 m
                                   not more than 6 min.
         2) 6000 is and above
                                   not more than 10 min.
3) during climb

12. Maximum power Abhai-
mal'myy Reshim/
                                   not more than 5 min.
      a) Rotor rya
                                   11,150 ± 50
      b) Temperature of the
        gos exhausting from
        the turbind:
                                   not more than 650°C
         1) on the ground
         2) in flight
                                   not more than 580°C
      c) Length of time of
        continuous operation
         1) up to 6000 m
2) 6000 m and above
                                   not more than 6 min.
                                   not more than 10 min.
     Mantinal power
   /Mominal'myy Reshim/
                                   11, 150 ± 90
      a) Rotor sym
                                   not more than 550 C
      b) Tumperature of the
        gms exhausting from
the turbine
      c) Length of time of
                                   unlimited
        continuous operation
 14. 0.8 neminal power
      a) Rotor rya
                                   10,400 ± 50
      b) Length of time of
        continuous operation
                                   unlimited
15. Miling Speed
     a) Rotor rps
b) Respectative of the
425 FRom Turbine
                                   4100+200 (1)
                                   not more than 650°C
      c) Longth of time of
        continuous operation
                                   not more than 10 min
16. Acceleration
      a) Times for accelerating:
         1) from idle to nominal
        DOMES.
                                  9 - 12 000
         2) from idle to
         maximum power
                                   9 - 13 sec
         3) from idle to
         afterburner operation
                                  not more than 15 (7) sec
         4) from MAR* to
         nominal power
                                  9 - 12 000
     b) Permissible temperature
        of turbine exhaust when
                                  not more than 750 (?) C
        tosting acceleration
     c) Permissible short
        duration (3 - 5 sec)
        overspeed when testing
        acceleration
                                  not more than 11,600 rpm
     d) Permissible short
       duration (3-5 sec) overspeed when cutting
        in and cutting out
        artemburger
                                  not more than 11,600 res
     e) Time from maximum
       power to afterburger
        operating
                                  not more than 6 (?) sec.
Remarks: Time for moving the
  cosine control lever then
  testing acceleration of
  overspeed should . 1.5 - 2 sec.
WEAR is the run at which the "surbon
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Attachment

```
Poel Symbon
17. Type of fael
                                  Puel T-1 (0087 4138-49) or 75-1 (0087 2349
     a) basic fuel for
                                    -54) (7)
       engine operation
       et all powers
                                  pure aviation "Bousine" (0987 1082-54) (1)
     b) Starting fami for
       engine starting
18. Poel pump
a) Designation
b) Type
                                  Tell-9
                                   Contrictigal, with constant pressure (?) walve
19. Fact pump-regulator
  unit for the basic fuel
     a) Designation
b) Type
                                   387-10A
                                  Plunger, with an automatic device for
                                     metering fuel at all powers
     c) The pogimning of
                                   8200 + 100 rps
       cutomatic regulation
       of rym of the engine
20. Fuel purp-regulater unit
     a) Dustimetion
                                   M-11A
                                  Plunger, with an automatic device for metering feel as a function of flight
     b) Type
                                     conditions when operating with afterburner
21. Fact pressure before
                                 1.6 - 2.6 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>
  fuel pumps HR-IGA and HR-IIA
                                  up to 2.8 kg/cm2
     a) for brief intervals
22. Main apray nousle
     a) Type
b) Quantity
                                   Combrishmal, 2-checomi
                                   10
    Afterburner spray nessle
                                   Contrifugal
     a) Type
b) Quantity
    Fuel pressure before
  main egrey nossles
                                   not more than 80 kg/cm
25. Fael pressure before
                                  not more than 90 kg/cm
Labricating Oll System
  afterburner apray neurles
                                  Closed, individual, pressurized
MK-8 (GDET 5457-53) or transformer all (GDET 982-53)
27. Type of lube oil
28. Tabe oil communities
                                   not more than 0.5 kg/hr
29. Labe oil pressure
                                   not less then I kg/em
     a) at idle
                                   4-45 kg/on
     b) at max. rpm
Remarks: The above date is taken from test stand trials. Under flight
conditions it is necessary to be guided by the readings of the lube oil
pressure indicator 28005-1.3-3 (See item 32).
30. Temperature of lube oil when
entering the engine, at all
DOMESTE
                                   ₩ 0°C
     a) Min. permissible
     b) Max. passissible
31. Lub ail pumps
     a) Promute
         1) Type
                                   goer, single stage
        2) Quantity
         3) Output at neminal 25 liters/min
        power with a back pro-
       sure of 3-4 kg/or and
a lake oil temp. of 60-
55°C
     b) Scervenge pump
        1) Type
                                   gear, three sections
         2) quantity
         3) Output at nominal
       power with a beak pres
       a temp. of 70-75 C.
```

60 (?) liters/min

22 liters/min

22 liters/min

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 a) Section which pumps the lube oil out of the forward part of the engine ensing.

b) Section, pumping from the center bearing

c) Section, pumping from the rear bearing

32. Two-stage labe oil pressure indicator a) Designation

b) Type c) Purpose 2005-1.3-3

To close the signal light circuit when lube oil pressure drope below 1.3 atm. (rror permissible: 0.3 atm.) when the air bleeding band is open; and below 3 atm. (error permissible -0.2 atm) when the air bleeding band is closed. "agregat" 317A

33. Designation of the fuellube oil unit, consisting of lube oil tank, fuellube oil radiator and low pressure fuel filter a) Quantity of lube

oil in lube oil tank

_, Maximum 2) Minimum for engine operation 7.5 + 0.5 liters

5 liters

Starting System

34. System

35. Starting feel pump (installed in the aircraft)

a) Designation

b) Type c) Quantity

d) Starting fuel
pressure when starting
e) Output at ground
conditions, back pressure
2 kg/cm², voltage at

2 kg/cm², voltage at terminals of electric motor 24V. and current 5A.

36. Starting spray nossle

a) Type b) Quantity

o) democred

37. Censrator-starter

a) Designation

b) Purpose

e) Horsepower, as

a starter d) Power, as a generator

e) Length of time operating as starter f) Permissible number

f) Permissible number of starting attempts, sequentially

38. Starting panel (installed in the aircraft)

39. Automatic timing devices for starting (installed in the aircraft)

Electric, automatic

PMR-10-9M

gmar, with electric motor drive type MJ-102A 1 for two engines

1.0 - 1.75 kg/cm2

40 liters/hr

Contrifugal

L

M0003-TB-SED

Used as engine starter; Used as DC generator when engine is operating

3.5 kp at 24 volts and 200 emperes 6000 watts at 30 volts

\$4.5 + 0.5 sec. (31.5+0.5 sec in 24-48 walt system)

5, after which cool off for 30 min.

PKS-6000E (for 26-48 valts, PKS-6000I)

AVP-LVB (for 24-48 volts, use AV5A)

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Artachment

50X1-HUM

```
40. Member of starts vithout
      ming:
     a) With 24-48 volt system
     maing storage betteries
12846-12
                                      not less than 3
     b) With 26 walt system
     weing one bettery 128AN-26
                                      not less than 3
          maption of starting
  fuel per start
                                      not more than 0.5 kg.
12. Permissible exhaust gas
temperature then starting 43. Time to reach idling
                                      not more than 850°C
  speed when starting
                                      not mere than 80 sec. (60 sec with 24-48
                                        volt mustem)
```

Ignition System, Electrical Equipment and Control

```
44. Type of igniter in the
     engine and afterburner
                                              spark, intermittent
        Spork ping
a) for the engine
       1) type
2) quantity
b) for the afterburner
                                              D-SIM
            1) type
                                             KPN-LA
 2) quantity
46. Starting Class bolder
                                             shielded
        a) Type
                                             4
       b) quantity
Afterburner flame bolder
       a) Type
b) Quantity
                                             BP-02
    . Ingulater for generator
(installed in the aircraft)
 48.
          Carbon regulator
                                             N-254
       b) Mifferential-minimum
       relay
e) Stabilizing tunnsformer
                                             DE-100
                                             2-10 (T-11 ?)
 4) Ballact recistence
49. Box for the "extensiles"
of the afterburner (installed
in the aircraft)
                                             DS-6000
                                             KAF-2 (for 26-46 walt system, KAF-2A)
   ). Mechanism for controlling
the air blooding band of the
 50. Mod
       a) Type
                                            Hydramile, picton, with a contrifugal
                                               walve and a selenoid valve.
      b) Fact pressure in the
       control system for air
      blooking
                                            not more than 85 kg/cm<sup>2</sup>
      e) Contrifugal valve
                                            Controls the band according to the rym
                                               of the engine
d) Ingine rym at which
the band opens
51. Resharian for controlling
                                            9760 (-100) rps
   the jet meanle flaps
      a) Type
b) Rusher of driving
                                            hydramlie, piston
      cylinders
      c) hydraulic fluid,
         elemetica
                                            AMD-10 (0007 6794-53)
      4) Pressure in hydraulic
                                           80-140 kg/cm2
      e) Temperature of hydraulic
                                            -40°C to 1-60°C
```

5

14	11	c	L	120	.,		4
	14	Ç,	Λ	m	۲	.1	7

92. Switches for the mechanism for controlling the jet nossle flaps (installed in the aircraft)

a) Designation

b) Type

c) Quantity

53. Control panel a) Designation

b) Purpose

CA-21 (71A - 21.)

slife valve, with electromagnetic control 2 (on one engine)

PU-3 (1)

1) Ostting-in and cutting-out the afterburning and fall power regimes;

2) Drive for the nomile flaps in the afterborning and naminal positions at \$500-6900 rpm, according to movement of the engine control laver to "STOP" or to "HOMINAL"

 Changing the phase of the lube oil pressure indicator 26005-1.3-3

4) Permitting the turning over of the engine
then cold, while the control lever is at "STOP?

5) Outlotten

5) Switching over the electrical system when laying up or re-activating the engine

5h. Safety and Interlock Equipment a) Low fuel pressure indicator for afterburner fuel manifold

1) Purpose

50-3 (?)

To provide automatic cutting-out of the afterburning and maximum power regimes when fuel pressure falls below 0.3 kg/cm²

b) Low fuel pressure indicator for afterburner fuel manifold

1) Purpose

DED-2, membrane type

1) To render impossible the opening of the jet nousle flaps when sutting in the afterburner if the excess of pressure in the afterburner fuel manifold over thetotal pressure of the gases in the afterburner chamber is less than 0.2 kg/cm

2) To reader impossible the closing of the jet mossle flaps when cutting out the afterburner if the excess of pressure in the afterburner fuel manifold over the total pressure of the gases in the afterburner chamber is greater than 0.2 kg/cm²

e) Rydraulic cut-out of fuel pump MR-llA (installed in the aircraft)

1) Purpose

Type . . . 34. . . (illegible)

To provide automatic outting-out of the afterburser in case of loss of pressure in hydrealic system for operating jet neuale flaps.

d) Terminal switch for the hydraulic pressure release [didrensmeditel*]on pump MR-10A

1) Purpose

To render impossible the cutting-in of maximum power and afterburning regimes if engine rpm is less than 10,400 ±200 when engine control lever is moved smoothly to those positions.

e) Terminal cut-out "L" for the compressor air bleeding band

1) Purpose

 To render impossible the opening of the jet nosale flaps into afterburning position at altitudes where the idling rpm is greater than the rpm at which air bleeding occurs, when throttling down the engine.

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	Attack	ment
		50X1-HUM
Aircraft Equipment /Sampletmyre	2) To render impossible afterfurning and maxi- less than the rys at occurs, when testing Agragaty	mm regimes at rym's which air bleeding
55. Rydraulic pump (installed in the space for eggipment /Rorebba Agregator) by the mircraft floriery). 1) Designation	623 (gear type) or 435 plunger type)	IM (variable strete
2) quantity	plumger type) 1	
Instruments for Control		
56. Tuchemeter (installed by		

56.

a) Type
b) Quantity
77. Thermometer for measuring
gas temperature at turbine
exit (installed by the
aircraft factory).

a) Type b) Quant stity of the

170-11

4, arranged in series

278 - 15 with indicator DT-3 1 set (for one engine)

7

SECTION I

DIFFERENCES IN BASIC TECRNICAL BATA

The basic technical data for engine ND-98 of the sixth series correspond to those of the earlier produced ND-98 with the following changes, by sections:

General Data

1. Designation

2. Jet needle, type
a) dismeter of the exit
section of the flaps
when operating the
afterburner, when
starting and idling,
up to \$500-6500 rpm

HD-98 of the mixth series Adjustable in 3 positions

to flaps not less than 4 mm

b) At maximum power

c) At naminal and transitional powers

3. Engine attachment to the aircraft 438 -452 mim

461-475 mm

4. Engine Equipment:

To sait the customer

Engine is equipped with individual automatic starting which incomes starting by pressing a single button; fuel pump-regulator combination NN-10AES, which controls the engine end keeps the rym constant at all altitudes and flying speeds, accelerates the engine by the control lever within 1.5 - 2.0 sec., and nevers engine fuel during starting; fuel pump-regulator combination NN-11VA, which provides for automatic, step-by-step supply of fuel to the afterburner in an amount proportional to the ratio of the air pressure at the compressor exit to the gas pressure at the turbine exit $(P_2 - P_k - const)$. $P_2 - P_4 = const$.

Also, an anti-icing apparatus for the intake dust, previding normal operation of the engine under all atmospheric conditions;

Also the afterburner and jet nousle are fitted with an automatic system for supplying fuel and for opening the flaps of the nousle.

5. The rys of the upper limit of (pusping) on the aircraft is 9,250.

Basic Operating Conditions

- 6. With afterburner operating
 - a) rpm b) Temperature of turbine exhaust games
 - e) Ragine rym at which the maximum power regime and afterburning regime are cut out
 - d) Longth of time for continuous operation:
 - 1) In flight
 2) On the ground
 - e) length of time of operation beyond permissible life before evertual
- 7. Maximus power
 - a) rym
 b) Temperature of turbine exhaust games
 - 1) On the ground 2) In flight
 - a) Length of time for continuous operation

- 11,150 _ 50
- not more than 680°C
- 10,400 + 200
- not more than 15 min. not more than 10 min
- not more than 10 hours
- 11,150 50
- net more than 650°C not more than 680°C

not more than 6 min. 1) Up to 6000 m not more than 10 min. 2) 6000 m and above d) Longth of time of eperation beyond permissible life before overheal not more than 5 hours 8. Hentmal power a) rym
b) Temperature of turbino
exhaust gases 11,150+ 50 not more than 650°C c) Length of time for ecutimous operation unlimited. 9. 0.8 Meminal pewer 10,400 ± 50 a) rym b) Longth of time for centimens eperation unlimited 10. Idling speed \$100 T 200 a) m b) Temperature of terbine exhaust gases not more than 650°C c) Lender of time for not more than 10 min. continuous operation

bearts: At idling speed, and at other speeds with compressor air bleeding and in open position, continuous operation of the engine on the ground (on edjoining [Bostyhovenniys] eiveraft) for up to 5 min. is permissible. If it is necessary to eparate the engine for a langur period under the foregoing conditions, it is numberery to increase the ryn to 9800 - 10,000 (or shut off the engine), and after helding it thus for one minute, continue operation at the desired condition.

11 - 14 sec.

11 - 15

not more than 18 sec.

not more than 750°C

not more than 11,500

not more them 11,600

11. Acceleration

a) Times for accolerating:

1) from tale or MAR to minel power

2) from idle or MAR to

max. pewer

3) from idle or HAR to

afterburner operation b) Permissible temperature

of turbine exhaust gases hon accolerating

c) Pennissible short duration (3-5 sec) everapeed on accolorating and when

setting-in the afterharner

d) Perudgeible short duration (3-5 sec) everspeed when

ing-out afterburner 6) Time from maximum power

to afterburner operating

(a function of rate of increase of feel pressure)

5 - 8.5 sec.

Remarks: The time for moving the engine control lover when testing the accolaration, during overspeed, and also when using thresteled maximum regime and afterburning regime, up to 15,000 m, must be not less than 1.5 - 2 sec. When using threstiled maximum and afterburning regimes, at an altitude of 15,000 m and above, this time must be not less than 5

Proje System 12. Feel pump-regulator unit for the besic fuel

a) Type

b) Direction of rotation

e) geer retio

d) Reginning of sutematic regulation of rom's

RR-10AUS, plunger with extensitic device for metering fuel at all powers Right-handed (viewed from drive side) 3.125

9500-200 rpm

13. Real purp-regulator unit for the afterburner fuel a) type

> b) direction of rotation c) mer retio

MM-11VA, plunger with an automatic device for metering fuel and its step-by-step supply to the afterburner confuster after outting in the afterburner Might-bunded (viewed from drive side)

Labricating Oil System

14. Lube oil pusps a) pressuriner

1) Type

2) Quantity 3) Direction of retation

4) mer retto 5) flow at nominal power with a back pressure of \$ 0.2 kg/csf and a temperature of 50-75 C

b) lake all pumps at engine exite

1) type 2) quantity

3) direction of motetion

4) goar retio

5) Flow at nominal power at a back pressure of 0.5 kg/sm² and temperature of 60 - 75°C:

a) Section which pumps the lube oil out of the forward part of the engine casing / horyes / b) Section, pumping from the center bearing

c) Section, pumping free the rear bearing

15. Testetage lube oil pressure indicator

> e) gibe b) Purpose

28005-1.3-2.8 To close the signal light circuit when lube oil pressure drops below 1.3 atm (error permissible: 0.3 atm.) then the air bleeding best is open; and below 2.8 atm. (error permissible: 0.2 atm.) when the air bleeding bend is closed.

16. Designation of the fuellube oil unit, consisting of lube cil tank, fuel-habe cil redictor and low pressure fuel filter

> a) The redistor insures engine operation within the allowable lube oil temperature limits (not more than 85°C at inlet to engine) with a fuel temperature of not more than 40°C at inlet to radiator

b) Quantity of lube oil in tank:

1) Hardman

2) Minimum for engine operation

"agregat" 317A

10.5 - 11 liters

7 liters

gear, single-sectioned, with quick-removal filter cover, with constant flow through the lube oil filter regulated by a tube with a 0.8 mm dia. jet

left-handed 4.00

23 liters/mir

gear, three sections

left handed 2.550

50 liters/min (?)

25 liters/min

25 liters/sin

Ignition System, Klestrical Equipment and Control

17. Afterburner flame holder

a) Type

50-106A with transitional device Fereithednik P-11

b) quantity

18. Regulator for the generator

a) Carbon resulator

b) Differential-minimum relay

e) Stabilizing transformer d) Ballast resistance

19. Box for the "extomatios" of the afterturner (installed in the aircraft)

20. Control Penal

b) Purpose

a) Designation

2-27

DIE-HOGAN 7-10 (? T-11 ?) **B8-6000**

KAP-5

PU-98

1) Ortting-in and cutting-out the afterburning and full power regimes;

2) Brive for the nossle flaps in the afterburning nominal positions at \$900 - 6900 rym, assording to the novement of the engine central lower to "MICE" or "MICENAL".

3) Champing the phase of the lube oil pressure

indicator 25005-1.3-2.8

4) Permitting the turning over of the engine when cold, while the control lever is at "STOI"

5) Reducing the engine row in maximum and afterburning regimes

21. Safety and Interlock Equipment

a) les fuel pressure in-dicates for afterburner fuel menticald, DED-8:

1) Purpose

1) Renders impossible the eponing the messie flaps when there is no fuel pressure in the afterburger fuel manifold

2) funders impossible the closing of the nessle flaps if pressure exists in the aftertures: And mudfold.

b) Debraulic switch Ul-34-1:

1) Purpose

1) Provides subquestic cut-out of afterburner in case of loss of pressure in hydraphic central cylinders of the job necess

c) Low feel pressure indicator for feel transfer system of the sireraft, type 60-3

1) Purpose

Provides extensials out-sut of afterburning and maximum power when pressure in deal transfer system falls below 0.2 kg/cm

d) Terminal out-out for the hydronic release of pump IM-LOAMS:

1) Perpese

Renders impossible the cutting-in of afterburning and maximum power at ryms less than 10,900 100 has engine control lever is moved emosthly to "MERCENAL"

e) Decement out-out "L" for the compressor air bleeding bend (located in control penel PU-9B) 1) Purpose

1) hunders impossible the opening of the jet nessle flaps into afterturning position at altitudes there the idling ryn is greater to the ryn at which air bleeding coours, then throbiling down the engine.

2) Rondars impossible the outting-in of afterburning and maximum power regimes at rym's below the rym at which air bleeking comes, when testing

soceleration

Aircraft Septement [September Agreemby]

In the engine space the following units of aircraft equipment are installed:

- 22. Hydraulic pump
 - a) Type b) Quantity
 - c) Direction of rotation
 - d) Geer retio
- 23. Flanges for connecting air bleed off to cabin supercharger, flanges to fuel piping and flanges to sati-icing system are to be fitted
- 435 BN
- right handed
- 4.5 Committy of air to be determined in agreement with aircraft plant

Bannelen :

- a) The direction of rotation given above for various units is the direction when looking toward the flange of the unit from the shaft side.
 - b) The gear ratio of the units is given by the formula

gear ratio = True of the angine